- (1) shall be in addition to any other amounts available to the Secretary for expenditure in the Lake Tahoe basin; and
- (2) shall not reduce allocations for other Regions of the Forest Service.
- (b) MATCHING REQUIREMENT.—Except as provided in subsection (c), funds for activities under section 6 and section 7 of this Act shall be available for obligation on a 1-to-1 basis with funding of restoration activities in the Lake Tahoe basin by the States of California and Nevada.
- (c) RELOCATION COSTS.—The Secretary shall provide ½ of necessary funding to local utility districts for the costs of relocating facilities in connection with environmental restoration projects under section 6 and erosion control projects under section 2 of Public Law 96–586.

SEC. 10. AMENDMENT OF PUBLIC LAW 96-586.

Section 3(a) of Public Law 96-586 (94 Stat. 3383) is amended by adding at the end the following:

"(5) WILLING SELLERS.—Land within the Lake Tahoe Basin Management Unit subject to acquisition under this section that is owned by a private person shall be acquired only from a willing seller.".

SEC. 11. RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER LAWS.

Nothing in this Act exempts the Secretary from the duty to comply with any applicable Federal law.

SEC. 12. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as are necessary to carry out this Act.

The committee amendment in the nature of a substitute was agreed to.

The bill (S. 1925), as amended, was read the third time and passed.

CONVEYANCE OF CERTAIN LAND IN POWELL, WYOMING

The Senate proceeded to consider the bill (S. 2069) to permit the conveyance of certain land in Powell, Wyoming, which had been reported from the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources.

The bill (S. 2069) was read the third time and passed, as follows:

S. 2069

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. ELIMINATION OF PUBLIC PURPOSE CONDITION.

- (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that—
- (1) the parcel of land described in subsection (c) was patented to the town (now City) of Powell, Wyoming, by the United States General Land Office on October 17, 1934, to help establish a town near the Shoshone Irrigation Project;
- (2) the land was patented with the condition that it be used forever for a public purpose, as required by section 3 of the Act of April 16, 1906 (43 U.S.C. 566);
- (3) the land has been used to house the Powell Volunteer Fire Department, which serves the firefighting and rescue needs of a 577 square mile area in northwestern Wyoming:
- (4) the land is located at the corner of U.S. Highway 14 and the main street of the business district of the City;
- (5) because of the high traffic flow in the area, the location is no longer safe for the public or for the fire department;
- (6) in response to population growth in the area and to National Fire Protection Association regulations, the fire department has

purchased new firefighting equipment that is much larger than the existing fire hall can accommodate:

- (7) accordingly, the fire department must construct a new fire department facility at a new and safe location:
- (8) in order to relocate and construct a new facility, the City must sell the land to assist in financing the new fire department facility; and
- (9) the Secretary of the Interior concurs that it is in the public interest to eliminate the public purpose condition to enable the land to be sold for that purpose.
 - (b) ELIMINATION OF CONDITION.-
- (1) WAIVER.—The condition stated in section 3 of the Act of April 16, 1906 (43 U.S.C. 566), that land conveyed under that Act be used forever for a public purpose is waived insofar as the condition applies to the land described in subsection (c).
- (2) Instruments.—The Secretary of the Interior shall execute and cause to be recorded in the appropriate land records any instruments necessary to evidence the waiver made by paragraph (1).
- (c) LAND DESCRIPTION.—The parcel of land described in this subsection is a parcel of land located in Powell, Park County, Wyoming, the legal description of which is as follows:

Lot 23, Block 54, in the original town of Powell, according to the plat recorded in Book 82 of plats, Page 252, according to the records of the County Clerk and Recorder of Park County, State of Wyoming.

GOLDEN GATE NATIONAL RECREATION AREA BOUNDARY ADJUSTMENT OF 2000

The Senate proceeded to consider the bill (H.R. 3632) to revise the boundaries of the Golden Gate National Recreation Area, and for other purposes.

The bill $(H.R.\ 3632)$ was read the third time and passed.

BLACK HILLS NATIONAL FOREST AND ROCKY MOUNTAIN RE-SEARCH STATION IMPROVEMENT ACT

The Senate proceeded to consider the bill (H.R. 4226) to authorize the Secretary of Agriculture to sell or exchange all or part of certain administrative sites and other land in the Black Hills National Forest and to to use funds derived from the sale or exchange to acquire replacement sites and to acquire or construct administrative improvements in connection with the Black Hills National Forest.

The bill (H.R. 4226) was read the third time and passed.

NATIONAL HISTORIC LIGHTHOUSE PRESERVATION ACT OF 2000

The Senate proceeded to consider the bill (H.R. 4613) to amend the National Historic Preservation Act for purposes of establishing a national lighthouse preservation program.

The bill (H.R. 4613) was read the third time and passed.

EFFIGY MOUNDS NATIONAL MONUMENT ADDITIONS ACT

The Senate proceeded to consider the bill (H.R. 3745) to authorize the addition of certain parcels to the Effigy Mounds National Monument, Iowa.

The bill (H.R. 3745) was read the third time and passed.

EXTENSION OF THE DEADLINE FOR COMMENCEMENT OF CONSTRUCTION OF CERTAIN HYDROELECTRIC PROJECTS IN THE STATE OF WEST VIRGINIA

The Senate proceeded to consider the bill (S. 2942) to extend the deadline for commencement of construction of certain hydroelectric projects in the State of West Virginia.

The bill (S. 2942) was read the third time and passed, as follows:

S. 2942

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled.

SECTION 1. EXTENSION OF TIME FOR FEDERAL ENERGY REGULATORY COMMISSION PROJECT.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding the time period specified in section 13 of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 806) that would otherwise apply to the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission projects numbered 6901, 6902, and 7307, the Commission may, at the request of the licensee for each project, respectively, and after reasonable notice, in accordance with the good faith, due diligence, and public interest requirements of that section and the Commission's procedures under that section, extend the time period during which the licensee is required to commence the construction of the project for 3 consecutive 2-year periods.
- (b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—Subsection (a) takes effect on the date of the expiration of the extension issued by the Commission before the date of the enactment of this Act under section 13 of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 806).
- (c) REINSTATEMENT OF EXPIRED LICENSE.—
 If the period required for commencement of construction of any of the projects described in subsection (a) expired before the date of the enactment of this Act—
- (1) the Commission shall reinstate the license effective as of the date of its expiration; and
- (2) the first extension authorized under subsection (a) shall take effect on the expiration date.

LAND EXCHANGE BETWEEN THE SECRETARY OF THE INTERIOR AND THE DIRECTOR OF CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AT THE GEORGE WASHINGTON MEMORIAL PARKWAY

The Senate proceeded to consider the bill (S. 3000) to authorize the exchange of land between the Secretary of the Interior and the Director of Central Intelligence at the George Washington Memorial Parkway in McLean, Virginia, and for other purposes, which had been reported from the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources, with